### Stages of Change Model

State Of Change	Characteristics	Techniques	
Pre-contemplation	Not currently considering	Validate lack of readiness	
110 00110111	change: "Ignorance is bliss"		
		Clarify: decision is theirs	
		n	
		Encourage re-evaluation of current behavior	
		Encourage self-exploration, not	
•		action	
		action	
		Explain and personalize the risk	
Contemplation	Ambivalent about change:	Validate lack of readiness	
Contemplation	"Sitting on the fence"		
		Clarify: decision is theirs	
	Not considering change within		
	the next month	Encourage evaluation of pros and	
		cons of behavior change	
·	ŀ	T1	
	·	Identify and promote new,	
		positive outcome expectations  Identify and assist in problem	
Preparation	Some experience with change	solving re: obstacles	
-	and are trying to change:	solving re. obstacles	
	"Testing the waters"	Help patient identify social	
	Di minute activithin 1 month	support	
	Planning to act within 1 month	support	
		Verify that patient has underlying	
		skills for behavior change	
		Encourage small initial steps	
Action	Practicing new behavior for 3-6	Focus on restructuring cues and	
Action	months	social supports	
		a constant	
		Bolster self-efficacy for dealing	
•		with obstacles	
		Combat feeling of loss and	
•		reiterate long-term benefits	
	1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Plan for follow-up support	
Maintenance	Continued commitment to	I tall for follow-up support	
	sustaining new behavior	Reinforce internal rewards	
•	Post – 6 months to 5 years		
	Fost - 0 monus to 5 years	Discuss coping with relapse	
Dalama	Resumption of old behaviors:	Evaluate trigger for relapse	
Relapse	"Falling from grace"		
	A 444444	Reassess motivation and barriers	
		Plan stronger coping strategies	

# **Understanding the Stages of Change**

from *Changing for Good* by James Prochaska

Stage	Attitude Behavior 'frame	<u> Time</u>	Condition
Stage #1 Pre- Contemplation	Unaware of problems asso with behavior. Certain tha positives of the behavior of the negative. Not interests change. Unwilling to chan intention to change.	t the out-weigh ed in	Unaware Resistant
Stage#2 Contemplation	Becomes aware of problem associated withbehavior. Ambivalent regarding posi and negatives. Explores the potential to change. Desire change behavior but lacks confidence and commitment Intends to change before 6	itives ne s to nt.	Awareness Openness
Decision	This is an event, not a stage Concludes that the negative behavior out-weigh the pos and chooses to change behavior	es of the sitives	Commitment
Stage #3 Preparation	Accepts responsibility to che behavior. Evaluates and sel techniques for behavior. De plan. Builds confidence an commitment. Intends to che within one month.	ects evelops a d	Anticipation Willingness
Stage #4	Engages in self-directed bel change effort. Gains new in and develops new skills. Consciously choose	sights	Enthusiasm

#### Action

behavior. Learns to overcome the tendencies for unwanted behavior. Active in action stage for less than six months.

Momentum

# Stage #5 Maintenance

Masters the ability to sustain new behavior with minimum effort. Establishes desired new behavior patterns and self-control. Remains alert to high-risksituations. Focus is on lapse prevention. Has changed behavior for six months.

Perseverence

Consolidation

### Lapse or Relapse

This is an event, not a stage. May occur at any time. Personal distress or social pressures are allowed to interrupt the behavior change process. Temporary loss of progress which resumes at an earlier stage. Experience is educational to help prevent further recurrence.

Danger

Opportunity

# Stage #6 Termination

Adopts new self-image consistent with desired behavior and lifestyle. Does not react to temptation in any situation. Expresses confidenceand enjoys self-control. Appreciates healthier and happier life.